

pdt Module

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pdt Module

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Chapter 1. User's Guide

1.1. Overview

This module translates numerical codes into domains and update accordingly the R-URI.

The module looks up at the R-URI part of a message and if the user part begins with an established prefix it will update the URI. Updating the uri consists of: read the code after the prefix from the user part of the uri and keep the rest as the user part of the new uri. The host part will be the domain matched for the leading code.

[<prefix>]<code><userid><:password>@<mydomain.com> ...

and the result will be:

<userid><:password>@<domain[:port]>...

Example 1-1.

```
prefix=2
code=3330
domain[3330]=iptel.org

2333091001@mydomain.com => 91001@iptel.org
```

The code is always ended with a special digit (a parameter of the module). This digit will not be inside the code at all.

- See SQL script for creating databases and a sample of cfg file in './doc/'.
- The web interface is in doc/web/ and the SQL script for creating the database for user interface is './doc/admin.sql'.
- Sample shell script to use with fifo interface is './doc/fifo.sh'.

1.2. Dependencies

1.2.1. SER Modules

The following modules must be loaded before this module:

- A *SER database module*.

1.2.2. External Libraries or Applications

The following libraries or applications must be installed before running SER with this module loaded:

- *None.*

1.3. Exported Parameters

1.3.1. db_url (string)

SQL URL of database--username, password, host, port and database (ex:
sql://username:password@hostname.com/database)

Default value is “sql://root@127.0.0.1/pdt”.

Example 1-2. Set db_url parameter

```
...
modparam( "pdt" , "param_name" , "param_value" )
...
```

1.3.2. db_table (string)

Table name.

Default value is “domains”.

Example 1-3. Set db_table parameter

```
...
modparam( "pdt" , "db_table" , "domains" )
...
```

1.3.3. terminator (integer)

The digit ending a code.

Default value is 0.

Example 1-4. Set `terminator` parameter

```
...
modparam( "pdt" , "terminator" , 1)
...
```

1.3.4. `start_range` (integer)

Default start value for allocating prefixes.

Default value is 10.

Example 1-5. Set `start_range` parameter

```
...
modparam( "pdt" , "start_range" , 10)
...
```

1.3.5. `prefix` (string)

Default prefix who denotes what URI needs to be translated--if it is NULL the module will not check the R-URI against it and the code is considered starting from the first digit. Otherwise, the module will check first if the R-URI starts with it and will skip it to find the code.

Default value is NULL.

Example 1-6. Set `prefix` parameter

```
...
modparam( "pdt" , "prefix" , "123" )
...
```

1.3.6. `hsize_2pow` (integer)

Number of the hash entries = $2^{\text{hash_size}}$.

Default value is 4.

Example 1-7. Set `hsize_2pow` parameter

```
...
modparam( "pdt" , "hsize_2pow" , 4 )
...
```

1.4. Exported Functions

1.4.1. prefix2domain()

Build a new URI if it is necessary. Returns 1 when the translation was made or there was nothing to translate (user part of the URI is empty or it does not match the prefix parameter). Returns -1 in error cases.

Example 1-8. prefix2domain usage

```
...  
prefix2domain();  
...
```

1.5. Installation & Running

Notes about installation and running.

Chapter 2. Developer's Guide

The module registers also a function that works with the fifo server (`get_domaincode`). That will provide support for a web user interface which will be used by admins to register new domains and by simple users to find the code for a domain.

Registered domains are stored in a database and in tables in share memory. The database is kept consistent with the tables in memory. When a new domain is registered the information goes first in the database and only than in tables in share memory.

Data in share memory is kept in hashtables to have fast searches. Searches are possible for domains, but also for codes. Searches for codes are necessary more often, every time when a message that needs to be translated passes through SER. Searches for domains are requested by the user interface only.

Through the web interface a normal user can find the code for a domain and a privileged user (i.e., admins) can register new domains too. The web interface also encounters problems of mutual exclusion. Any user of the interface posts a request to the fifo server and waits his response in a file. The file must be unique per user to avoid interfering responses for different simultaneous user. That problem is solved using session per user offered by the PHP language.

Chapter 3. Frequently Asked Questions

1. Where can I find more about SER?

Take a look at <http://iptel.org/ser>.

2. Where can I post a question about this module?

First at all check if your question was already answered on one of our mailing lists:

- <http://mail.iptel.org/mailman/listinfo/serusers>
- <http://mail.iptel.org/mailman/listinfo/serdev>

E-mails regarding any stable version should be sent to <serusers@iptel.org> and e-mail regarding development versions or CVS snapshots should be send to <serdev@iptel.org>.

If you want to keep the mail private, send it to <serhelp@iptel.org>.

3. How can I report a bug?

Please follow the guidelines provided at: <http://iptel.org/ser/bugs>